FIRST TERM WEEKLY LESSON NOTES – B9 WEEK I

Week Ending: 06-	10-2023	Da	y:	Subject: English Language			
Duration: 60mins				Strand: Oral Langua	ge		
Class: B9		Cla	ıss Size:	Sub Strand: Convers	sation		
B9.1.1.1: Demonstra appropriate language situations	te use of orally in speci	fic					
Performance Indic Learners can use a communication		giste	r in everyday	Core Competencies Communication and Co Development and Lead	ollaboration,	Personal	
Reference : English	n Language Pg.	70					
Phase/Duration	Learners Ac				Resource	s	
PHASE I: STARTER	Put learners them find me	into eanii	aining lyrics both formation groups and use semanings of the key vocabulation pic and share performations.	ntic map to guide ary			
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Use these in topics/texts/sports, hobb cause of pool Create and a using both for characters.	con issue ies, or ac act s orma	ng words and jargon a versation on grade-leves, e.g. informal (talking going out with friends, ademic performance. cenes dialogues/skits o al and informal register	rel g about music, social media,) the on texts/issues/topics to distinguish	Word cards, sentence cards, letter cards, handwriting on a manila card		
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer dis from learner Take feedba	cuss s wh	ion and effective quest nat they have learnt du om learners and sumn w the lesson will benefi	ring the lesson.			

Week Ending: 06-10	Yeek Ending: 06-10-2023 Day: Subject: English Langu					
Duration: 60mins	•		Stra	nd: Reading		
Class: B9		Class Size:	Sub	Strand: Comprehe	nsion	
Content Standard: B9.2.1.1: Demonstrate is confidence and enjoyme independent reading	ent in	Indicator: B9.2.1.1.1. Read a variety of grade level texts a demonstrate understanding			Lesson:	
	cs can read a variety of grade-level texts, comprehend their communication and employ appropriate strategies to answer questions					
Reference : English La	anguage Pg. 7	75				
Keywords: Compreh	ension, Stra	tegies, Purpose, Conto	ext			
Phase/Duration	Learners A	Activities			Resources	
PHASE I:		ners to share some past	exper	iences they will		
STARTER		et with the whole class.	·			
	Introduce with learne	the topic and share peri	orman	nce indicators		
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Provide strategies sand connect Have learn in understand (Based on total following)	Word cards, sentence cards, letter cards, handwriting on a manila card				

	 Write a brief summary of your chosen text. What was the primary purpose of your reading, and do you feel you achieved it? List down any three questions that arose in your mind while reading the text. Choose one strategy (summarizing, predicting, questioning, connecting) and explain how you applied it during your reading and how it aided in your comprehension.
PHASE 3:	Emphasize the value of reading a range of texts for a well-
REFLECTION	rounded understanding and appreciation of literature and information. Highlight the importance of setting purposes and using strategies to enhance comprehension. Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 06	-10-2023	DAY:		Subject: Engli	ish Languag	e
Duration: 60mins				Strand: Gram	nmar	
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand:	Use of D	ash
Content Standar B9.3.2.1: Demonst and punctuation is	rate mastery of n communicatio		Indicator: B9.3.2.1.1. context.	Identify and use	e dash in	Lesson:
Performance Ind Learners can reco purpose. Learners can accu and emphasis.	ognize the dash i	mpetencies: cation and cion, Personal				
New words	Dash, Emphasi	s, Parenthetica	l, Break			
References: Engli	sh Language Cui	riculum Pg. 50	•			
Phase/Duration	Learners Activ					Resources
PHASE I: STARTER	Display senten using commas			ing dashes and	others	
		constructed. T				
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Define the das a) Emphasizing parentheses). b) Indicating ar Showcase exar Engage student dashes instead Provide studer dashes but has Ask students t where they fee Review the par of dashes. Assessment (Fill in the blank I. My three fee	Indicating an abrupt break or pause in thought. Towcase examples for each use. Togage students in a discussion about when they might use ushes instead of other punctuation like commas or parentheses. Tovide students with a paragraph or short story that requires ushes but has them omitted. Tokk students to work in pairs or small groups to insert dashes there they feel they are appropriate. Toky the paragraph/story as a class and discuss the placement dashes.				

	3. My cat, despite her cute appearance, can be very mischievous she once stole an entire chicken off the counter!
	4. The book had a surprising twist at the end the protagonist was the villain all along!
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Summarize the importance of understanding various punctuation marks, like the dash, in written language.
	Reinforce the idea that the right punctuation can add clarity and depth to their writing.

Week Ending: 06-1	0-2023	Day:	Subject: Engli	sh Language	
Duration: 60mins			Strand: Writin	ng	
Class: B9		Class Size:	Sub Strand: (Coordinating Co	njunctions
Content Standard: B9.4.1.1: Develop, org express ideas coheren cohesively in writing		Indicator: B9.4.1.1.1. Compose show unity, comple appropriate cohesi	eteness and cohe	rence using	I of I
Performance Indicator: Learners can compose paragraphs to show unity, completeness and coherence using appropriate cohesive devices				Core Compet Communication Personal Develo Leadership,	and Collaboration,
Reference : English	Language P	g. 89			
Keywords: Coordina	ting Conjun	ction, Subordinating Cor	ijunction, Cohesio	n, Coherence	
Discos (Dec.)	11				
Phase/Duration PHASE I:	Learners A	Activities set of fragmented sent	toncos on the ha	ard	Resources
STARTER	Ask stude sentences introduce	ents to discuss in pairs to create a logical and them to the need for	how they might I complete thoug cohesive devices	connect these ght. This will in writing.	
PHASE 2: NEW		formance indicators ar			Word cards,
LEARNING	or, so, the	d introduce coordination, yet. examples of sentence ate their use.			sentence cards, letter cards, handwriting on a manila card
	Have ther	provide students with practice connecting ing conjunctions to for	these using appro	opriate	
		d introduce subordina introduce dependent		and explain	
	Display ex	kamples to illustrate th	neir use.		
	Provide st clauses. A appropria sentences				
	Assessme (Connect t	<u>ent</u> he sentences using аррг	ropriate cohesive c	levices.)	
		rted raining. We conting reading novels. I espe			

	3. She wanted to go to the concert. She didn't have enough money.4. They studied hard. They still found the exam challenging.	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Summarize the lesson by highlighting the significance of cohesive devices in crafting coherent and complete paragraphs.	
	Emphasize that while these devices might seem small, they play a crucial role in shaping the narrative and ensuring clarity.	

Week Ending: 06-1	0-2023	DAY:		Subject: Er	nglish Languag	ge	
Duration: 50MINS				Strand: Lit	erature		
Class: B9		Class Siz	ze:	Sub Stranc	I: Characters	s In Texts	
Content Standard: B9.5.1.1: Demonstrate various elements of lit to meaning	e understanding terary genres co		convey char	Analyze the us acters in film/ nd play scripts	media,		Lesson: I of I
Performance Indicates Learners can analyze and play scripts to compare the company of the compan	e how language			arratives,	Core Com Communicat Personal		ncies: nd Collaboration
Key words			ue, Inference, N	Varrative	•		
References: English	Language Cur	riculum Pg	;. 99				
		_					
Phase/Duration	Learners Ac		_	•	•	Res	ources
PHASE I: STARTER			on the previou		ntroduce		
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	about a charposture con Show still in students to Discuss the influence the Influence the Ingroups, stand identify about their Read aloud character sa say about the Ingroups in Ingroups	racter. E.g. every person ages of character to the scere judgment of the scere and character to the scene and character to the sc	ements in film/, how costum nality or statu naracters from he characters es or conventions. Ovie where a che afterward. It is nature or in read short in read short in read short in read charactery or motives. If om a play on hemselves contice inferring on the play scripts in the play scripts.	es, makeup, cos. In films or play based on appliance in media character's actions? Intentions? Intentions product in the pr	s and ask earance. that might tions define ons give olay scripts ovide clues there what a what others	sent lette han	rd cards, eence cards, er cards, dwriting on a illa card
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	ways charac	ters can be	s findings, em e depicted and Il role in that	d understood,	-		

Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

FIRST TERM WEEKLY LESSON NOTES – B9

WEEK 2

Week Ending: 13-	10-2023	Da	y:	Subject: English Language		
Duration: 60mins				Strand: Oral Languag	де	
Class: B9		Cla	ss Size:	Sub Strand: Convers	sation	
B9.1.1.1: Demonstra appropriate language situations Performance India	be language orally in specific a language orally in specific barriers on grade-level topics/texts/issue			rse	Lesson:	
	Learners can use appropriate register in everyday Communication and C			Communication and Control Development and Lead	ollaboration,	Personal
Reference: English	Language Pg.	70				
DI /D ::						
Phase/Duration	Learners Act			of a second	Resources	S
PHASE I: STARTER	•		ngs for learners: one c ween friends and anot			
	Ask learners two?"	: "V	/hat differences do you	u notice between the		
	learners.		pic and share perform	ance indicators with	Word car	
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Assign each	Assign each group a topic or issue (e.g., planning a school event, discussing a book they've read, a debate on school uniforms).				cards,
	Instruct each group to create two short skits on their given topic: one using a formal register and the other using an informal register.					
	Highlight that the characters should remain consistent in both skits; only the language should change. Pair up learners. One student plays a "character" (e.g., a school principal, a fellow student, a news reporter, a sibling).					
	The other swith them.	tud	ent starts a spontane	eous conversation		
		sw	on, call out "switch!" itch their register (fr e versa).			

	Observe how well they adapt to using the appropriate register for the character and situation.
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Discuss the importance of using the correct register. Highlight situations where it might be inappropriate or even disrespectful to use an informal register. Discuss the nuances and cues that help us determine which register to use.
	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson. Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.
	Ask learners how the lesson will benefit them in their daily lives.

Week Ending: 13-10	-2023	Day:	Subj	ect: English Langua	ıge	
Duration: 60mins			Stra	nd: Reading		
Class: B9		Class Size:	Sub	Strand: Comprehe	ension	
Content Standard: B9.2.1.1: Demonstrate confidence and enjoyme independent reading	_	Indicator: B9.2.1.1.1. Read a v demonstrate under	-	_	and	Lesson:
I Larriage can read toyte and demonstrate linderstanding					nd Collal	boration, I Leadership
Reference : English L	anguage Pg.	75				
Keywords: Compreh	ension, S tra	ategies, Purpose, Con	text			
Phase/Duration	Learners A			1 .11	Resou	urces
PHASE I: STARTER		ners to share some pas	•	iences they will		
SIANIEN	never lorg	get with the whole class	•			
	Introduce with learn	the topic and share pe ers	rformar	nce indicators		
PHASE 2: NEW	Provide le	arners with a selection	of age-	appropriate texts.	Word	d cards,
LEARNING	Discuss as what they knowledge Discuss th reading. We understand Have learn They shou understand Introduce strategies and conner Have learn	Provide learners with a selection of age-appropriate texts. Ask learners to choose a text that interests them and spend some time reading it. Discuss as a class why they chose their specific text and what they hope to gain from it (either enjoyment, knowledge, or both). Discuss the importance of having a purpose when reading. Whether it's to gather information for a project, understand a story's plot, or simply for enjoyment. Have learners set a purpose for their chosen reading. They should write down what they hope to learn or understand by the end of the reading task. Introduce learners to various reading comprehension strategies such as summarizing, predicting, questioning, and connecting.				
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Emphasize rounded u informatio Highlight t	anding the text. the value of reading a inderstanding and appron. the importance of setti to enhance compreher	eciation	of literature and		

Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending:	3-10-2023	DAY:	DAY: Subject: E			e			
Duration: 60mins				Strand: Gran	nmar				
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand:	ash				
Content Standar B9.3.2.1: Demons and punctuation	trate mastery of	•	Indicator: B9.3.2.1.1. Identify and use dash in context. Lesson:						
Performance Inc Learners can rec purpose.	Learners can recognize the dash in written text and understand its purpose. Learners can accurately use dashes in written context to enhance clarity and emphasis. Core Core Core Core Core Core Core Core					npetencies: ation and ion, Personal			
New words	Dash, Emphasi	Dash, Emphasis, Parenthetical, Break							
References: Engl	ish Language Cu	rriculum Pg. 50)						
	_								
Phase/Duration	Learners Activ	Resources							
PHASE I: STARTER	Display senten using commas			ing dashes and	others				
		Ask learners to identify any patterns or differences in how sentences are constructed. This will lead into the discussion on the use of dashes							
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	a) Emphasizing parentheses). b) Indicating and Showcase examinate and of other provide learner dashes but has Ask learners to where they feet Review the parenthese of dashes. Assessment (Fill in the blank Use dashes to	Define the dash and explain its two primary uses: a) Emphasizing or defining additional information (like parentheses). b) Indicating an abrupt break or pause in thought. Showcase examples for each use. Engage learners in a discussion about when they might use dashes instead of other punctuation like commas or parentheses. Provide learners with a paragraph or short story that requires dashes but has them omitted. Ask learners to work in pairs or small groups to insert dashes where they feel they are appropriate. Review the paragraph/story as a class and discuss the placement of dashes.							
	a. The cake is Answer:								
	b. I love the bo	ook. Especially	tne last chap	oter.					

	Answer:	
	c. She has one fear. Clowns. Answer:	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Summarize the importance of understanding various punctuation marks, like the dash, in written language.	
	Reinforce the idea that the right punctuation can add clarity and depth to their writing.	

Week Ending: 13-1	0-2023	Day:	Subject: Engli	sh Language		
Duration: 60mins	1		Strand: Writin	ng		
Class: B9		Class Size:	Sub Strand: (Sub Strand: Coordinating Conjun		
Content Standard: B9.4.1.1: Develop, org express ideas coherer cohesively in writing	ganize and	-	ompose logically connected paragraphs to completeness and coherence using cohesive devices			
Performance Indicator: Learners can compose paragraphs to show unity, completeness and coherence using appropriate cohesive devices Core Competendence Communicatio Personal Devel Leadership,					and Collaboration,	
Reference : English	Language P	g. 89				
Keywords: Coordina	ating Conjun	ction, Subordinating (Conjunction, Cohesio	n, Coherence		
Phase/Duration PHASE 1:	Learners A		ragraph on the boar	d: one that is	Resources	
STARTER	Ask learne understan	smoothly. ers: "Which paragr id? Why?"	and another that is we cap is easier to reac	l and		
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Begin by e emphasizi Provide le Instruct le	Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson. Begin by explaining defining and non-defining relative clauses, emphasizing the use of commas. Provide learners with a list of basic sentences. Instruct learners to expand these sentences using both defining and non-defining relative clauses.				
	Share answerphasis					
	Introduce phrases,					
	Provide I Ask them adjectival					
	Share and detail and					
			bout a memorable orate at least:	event in		
	• One	defining relative o	clause			

	One non-defining relative clause	
	A noun phrase	
	An adjectival phrase	
	An adverbial phrase	
PHASE 3:	Summarize the lesson by highlighting the significance of	
REFLECTION	cohesive devices in crafting coherent and complete paragraphs.	
	Emphasize that while these devices might seem small, they play	
	a crucial role in shaping the narrative and ensuring clarity.	

Week Ending: 13-10-2023 DAY:				Subject: Er	nglish Languag	ge	
Duration: 50MINS				Strand: Literature			
Class: B9		Class Siz	ze:	Sub Strand: Characters In Texts			exts
Content Standard: B9.5.1.1: Demonstrate various elements of lit to meaning	convey char				I of I		
Performance Indicates Learners can analyze and play scripts to compare the company of the compan	e how language			arratives,	Core Com Communicat Personal		ncies: nd Collaboration
Key words	1		ue, Inference, N	Varrative	•		
References: English	Language Cur	riculum Pg	;. 99				
Phase/Duration	Learners Ac					Res	ources
PHASE I: STARTER			on the previou		ntroduce		
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	about a charposture con Show still in learners to a Discuss the influence the influence them. Discussinght into a linguistic linguis	racter. E.g. every person ages of character the stereotype ese judgment of the stereotype est of	ements in film/, how costum nality or status naracters from the characters es or conventions. Ovie where a character or in read short in read	es, makeup, cos. I films or play based on appoint on sin media character's actions? The arratives or proper actions process actions process with we character trains.	s and ask earance. that might tions define ons give lay scripts evide clues that others	sent lette han	rd cards, cence cards, er cards, dwriting on a illa card
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	ways charac	ters can be	s findings, em e depicted and al role in that p	d understood,	-		

Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

FIRST TERM WEEKLY LESSON NOTES – B9 WEEK 3

Week Ending: 20-10-2023 Da			y:	Subject: English Language		
Duration: 60mins	,			Strand: Oral Language		
Class: B9		Cla	ss Size:	Sub Strand: Conversation		
Content Standard: B9.1.1.1: Demonstrate use of appropriate language orally in specific situations			Indicator: B9.1.1.1.2. Ask quest several speakers and a discussion		Lesson:	
Performance Indic Learners can effect in a discussion, den cohesive conversat	ively link the id		of multiple speakers listening and	Core Competencies Communication and Co Development and Lead	ollaboration,	, Personal
Reference : English	Language Pg.	70				
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER		ers i	es nto small groups and g uperhero power to ha		Resource	s
	Let each learner speak briefly. Afterward, ask another learner to summarize and link the ideas shared. Introduce the topic and share performance indicators with learners.					
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Share example with close-end with close-end based on same Have one lead opinion on a Ask another linking to which viewpoint or Rotate roles everyone a close control of the state of the st	les condectors arner top lear the ask	ers to craft some open statements. It read a short passage ic. In the listen actively and first learner said and ing an open-ended queries. It is the listen actively and in the listen actively and in the listen actively and in the listen actively are first learner said and in the listen active and in the listen active a	ns and contrast them -ended questions or express an nd then respond by d adding their estion. topics/issues to give	Word car sentence letter card handwriti manila car	cards, ds, ng on a

	Instruct other learners to listen attentively, and when they
	speak, they should try to link the ideas of at least two other
	speakers using open-ended questions.
	Assessment
	Below are several statements related to the topic "The
	impact of technology on education?" Next to each statement, craft an open-ended question that could help
	link to or expand upon the statement.
	L. Statement: "Technology allows learners to learn at
	Statement: "Technology allows learners to learn at their own pace."
	Open-ended Question: How does technology provide flexibility
	in learning styles and paces?
	2. Statement: "Some learners feel distracted by
	technology in the classroom."
	Open-ended Question:
	Statement: "Online learning can be challenging because
	learners miss out on face-to-face interactions."
	Open-ended Question:
	4. Statement: "Using technology in education prepares
	learners for the modern world."
	Open-ended Question:
PHASE 3:	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out
REFLECTION	from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.
	Add beginning begin the least of will be useful.
	Ask learners how the lesson will benefit them in their daily lives.

Week Ending: 20-10-	-2023 D a	Day: Subject: English Languag			ge		
Duration: 60mins	<u> </u>			Strai	nd: Reading		
Class: B9	CI	ass S	Size:	Sub Strand: Summariz			
supports an analysis of videtermining the central	B9.2.2.1: Cite the textual evidence that supports an analysis of what the text says, determining the central idea of a text and provide an objective summary						Lesson:
Performance Indicator: Learners can identify main and supporting ideas, and provide an objective summary for given text Core Competen Communication an Personal Developm Reference: English Language Pg. 75						d Collab	
Keywords: Critical A	nalysis, Main Id	leas,	Supporting Ideas,	Objec	ctive Summary		
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER	Learners Act Display a pop a widely-know	oular	advertisement or	a sho	ort excerpt from	Resou	ırces
	Ask learners, "What is this trying to convey?" Followed by, "How do you know?" This exercise will get learners thinking critically about texts from the start. Introduce the topic and share performance indicators with learners						
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Provide learners with a chosen text. Have learners read the text once without making any notes to grasp its overall meaning. On a second reading, encourage learners to underline highlight parts they find significant or confusing. After reading, have a class discussion to identify the midea of the text. What is the primary message or them Ask learners to share what they've underlined or highlighted and discuss why. This will help in identifying the supporting ideas/details in the text. In small groups or individually, learners should now was a brief, objective summary of the text, incorporating to main idea and the supporting details they've identified. Encourage learners to avoid adding personal opinions their summaries. Assessment				to underline or fusing. dentify the main ssage or theme? clined or in identifying the corporating the corporating the verified.	sente letter	I cards, nce cards, cards, vriting on a a card

	Far from becoming obsolete in the digital age, libraries have transformed. They've shifted from merely housing books to being vibrant community centers. Besides lending books, many now offer digital resources, hold events, and provide collaborative spaces. Their evolution demonstrates adaptability and the sustained value they bring to communities. Identify main and supporting ideas, and provide a summary for the passage.	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson. Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 20	-10-2023	DAY:		Subject: Engli	Subject: English Language			
Duration: 60mins				Strand: Gram	nmar			
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand: Nouns				
Content Standar B9.3.1.1: Apply the clauses and their fu	knowledge of phr nctions in Comm		Indicator: B9.3.1.1.1. accurately	Use noun phra in context	ses	Lesson:		
	Learners can identify and use noun phrases in sentences. Learners can determine and discuss the functions of noun phrases in Collabora					petencies: tion and n, Personal		
New words	Noun, Modifie	Noun, Modifier, Function, Context						
References: Englis	sh Language Cu	rriculum Pg. 50)					
Phase/Duration PHASE 1:	Learners Activ					Resources		
STARTER	Write four sentences on the board, each containing a noun phrase: I. The glistening morning dew settled on the leaves. 2. She bought a bright red scarf. 3. I heard the loud chattering of birds. 4. He loved the taste of freshly baked cookies. Ask learners: "What do the italicized parts of these sentences have in common?"							
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Discuss how nand/or other values descriptive information of the phrases. i. I want a drest ii. The brown iii. I saw a beat iv. Kwaku lives how to bake). In pairs or smanoun phrases in Discuss the full Ask: "How do understand the	noun phrases are words with nou ormation. The sers with sentenders for Christma kente vase is uputiful bird. The sin a blue dorn all groups, ask I in each sentenders of the incestions of the incestions of the incestion of the	re formed by ins to provide ces or short as. p for sale. n. v. Having bearners to ide. dentified not rase in this signers columns.	cnow about not combining adjusted to combining and undurn phrases in the combining and undurn phrases in the combining action of the combining action of the combining adjusted to combining adjusted	ectives c or ng noun knew lerline the he texts.	Word cards, sentence cards, letter cards, handwriting on a manila card		

	Distribute handouts with sentences or short texts containing noun phrases.	
	Instruct learners to read the sentences or texts and identify the noun phrases.	
	Encourage learners to discuss the functions of the identified noun phrases and write them down.	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 20-1	0-2023 I	Day:	Subject: Engli	sh Language		
Duration: 60mins			Strand: Writing			
Class: B9		Class Size:	Sub Strand: Paragraph Development			
Content Standard: B9.4.1.1: Develop, org express ideas coheren cohesively in writing		Indicator: B9.4.1.1.2. Develop a unity and completen		Lesson:		
Performance Indicated Learners can write properties can include and minor supportinated Reference: English Keywords: Paragrap	encies: and Collaboration, opment and sentences					
Phase/Duration	Learners A				Resources	
PHASE I: STARTER	Display a sample paragraph on the whiteboard or board. Ask learners to identify the key components of the paragraph, such as the topic sentence, major supporting sentences, and minor supporting sentences. Discuss the importance of these components in creating paragraphs that are unified and complete.					
	•	ormance indicators and				
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Ask learners to recall what they already know about writing paragraphs. Review the purpose of a topic sentence and its role in introducing the main idea of the paragraph. Discuss the significance of major supporting sentences that provide strong evidence or arguments to support the main idea.					
	Provide lea	arners with sample para	agraphs or shor	t texts.		
	In pairs or small groups, ask learners to identify the topic sentence, major supporting sentences, and minor supporting sentences in each paragraph, using different transitional devices to bring about cohesion and coherence.					
	Discuss the use of transitional devices such as "firstly," "in addition," "however," "therefore," etc., to connect ideas within paragraphs.					
	Ask learne "How does paragraph?	s the topic sentence su	pport the main	idea of the		

	"Can you think of alternative transitional devices that could be used to connect the ideas in this paragraph?"	
	Distribute handouts with prompts or topics for paragraph writing.	
	Challenge learners to use transitional devices to create cohesion and coherence in their writing.	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 20-1	DAY:		Subject: English Language				
Duration: 50MINS				Strand: Lite	erature		
Class: B9		Class Siz	e:	Sub Strand	I: Characters	In Te	exts
Content Standard: B9.5.1.1: Demonstrate understanding of how various elements of literary genres contribute to meaning Indicator: B9.5.1.1. Analyze the use of language convey characters in film/media, narratives and play scripts							Lesson: of
Performance Indicator: Learners can analyze how language is used in film/media, narratives, and play scripts to convey and depict characters Core Com Communicat Personal							ncies: nd Collaboration,
Key words	Language, ch	naracters, i	narratives, con	vey			
References: English	Language Curi	riculum Pg	. 99				
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER		learners o	n the previous licators with le		ntroduce	Res	ources
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Share performance indicators with learners and introduce the lesson. Display an excerpt from a narrative on the whiteboard or chart paper. Ask learners to identify the keywords in the excerpt related to language, characters, narratives, and conveying information. Discuss the importance of language in revealing and developing characters in narratives. Ask learners to recall what they already know about character development in narratives. Discuss the significance of language and the techniques used to convey the personalities, traits, and emotions of characters. Provide learners with handouts or excerpts from narratives that demonstrate the use of language to convey characters. In pairs or small groups, ask learners to identify and discuss the language techniques used to develop the characters. Encourage learners to analyze how the language choices reveal the characters' personalities, emotions, or traits. Ask learners;					sent lette han	rd cards, cence cards, er cards, dwriting on a illa card

	"Can you find any examples of dialogue that reveal the character's thoughts or feelings?"
	Distribute handouts or excerpts from narratives to each learner.
	Instruct learners to read the text and identify and analyze the language techniques used to convey the characters.
	Encourage them to write down their observations and interpretations.
PHASE 3:	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out
REFLECTION	from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

FIRST TERM WEEKLY LESSON NOTES – B9 WEEK 4

Week Ending: 27-	Week Ending: 27-10-2023Day:Subject: English Lang			Subject: English Lang	guage		
Duration: 60mins				Strand: Oral Languag	ge		
Class: B9		Cla	ass Size:	Sub Strand: Convers	sation		
Content Standard B9.1.1.1: Demonstra appropriate language situations	ate use of B9.1.1.1.2. Ask questions that link the ideas of					Lesson:	
Performance Indic Learners can use a communication.		iste	r in everyday	Core Competencies Communication and Co Development and Lead	ollaboration,	Personal	
Reference : English	n Language Pg.	70					
DI /D :							
Phase/Duration PHASE I:	Learners Act				Resource	S	
STARTER	Begin the lesson by having four learners perform a preprepared conversation on a neutral topic (e.g., "The best weekend activity"). Afterward, engage the class in a discussion about what they noticed. How did the speakers link to each other's ideas? How did they respond?						
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	idea, expanding on it, linking to another idea, and responding to queries or challenges. sentence letter of handwr				Word car sentence letter card handwritii manila car	cards, ds, ng on a	

	Bring the class together and discuss the experience. Which conversations flowed naturally? Where were there hitches?
	Emphasize the importance of respecting differing views, even while linking ideas or responding.
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.
	Ask learners how the lesson will benefit them in their daily lives.

Week Ending: 27-10-	Day: Subject: English Langua			ge			
Duration: 60mins				Strai	nd: Reading		
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub	Strand: Compreh	ension	
Content Standard: B9.2.1.1: Demonstrate in and enjoyment in indepe					on how reading	d	Lesson:
Performance Indicate Learners can understa awareness and percep	or: and the impositions of oth	act of readin		and o	Core Competent Communication an Personal Developm	cies: d Collat	poration,
Reference : English La Keywords: Self-aware			vooints Refle	ction			
Reywords: Sell-aware	eness, reice	puons, view	vpoints, Rene	Cuon.			
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER	how you s impact?" Allow a fe interest.	sking, "Thin eee yourself w learners t	or the world	expe	y that changed did it have this riences to spark	Resou	urces
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Introduce the topic and share performance indicators with learners Provide learners with a variety of texts. Allow them some time to read, ensuring they sample multiple genres and viewpoints. Initiate a discussion, asking learners to share any immediate reactions or new perspectives they gained. In pairs or small groups, learners discuss the texts and how they impact their views of themselves and their place in the world. Ask learners to identify and list varying views on topics such as love, family, success, or friendship from their chosen texts. Groups share their findings, discussing how different authors approach the same topic. In groups, learners list and compare these views. What does success look like to different authors or characters? How does culture, background, or circumstance influence this view?					t stories, iographies, on pieces,	

	Using a peer editing checklist, learners exchange their reflections and provide feedback on clarity, understanding, and depth of thought.	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson. Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 27	'-10-2023	DAY:		Subject: Engli	sh Language	
Duration: 60mins				Strand: Gram	nmar	
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand:	Vouns	
Content Standar B9.3.1.1: Apply the clauses and their fu	knowledge of phr nctions in Comm		Indicator: B9.3.1.1.1. accurately	Use noun phra in context	ses	Lesson:
Performance Ind Learners can iden Learners can dete texts	tify and use nou	Core Comp Communication	ion and			
New words	Noun, Modifie	r, Function, Co	ontext			
References: Englis	sh Language Cui	rriculum Pg. 50				
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER	phrase: I. The glist		dew settled o	containing a no		Resources
	Ask learners: " have in commo	on?"	talicized part	ts of these sent	ences	
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Discuss how noun phrases are formed by combining adjectives and/or other words with nouns to provide more specific or				Word cards, sentence cards, setter cards, nandwriting on a manila card	

	Distribute handouts with sentences or short texts containing noun phrases.	
	Instruct learners to read the sentences or texts and identify the noun phrases.	
	Encourage learners to discuss the functions of the identified noun phrases and write them down.	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 27-	10-2023	Day:		Subject: English Language					
Duration: 60mins				Strand: Writing					
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand: Paragraph Development					
Content Standar B9.4.1.2: Create dif topic		graphs a given		2.1. Com	pose more complex g appropriate strategie	Lesson: I of I			
	Performance Indicator: Learners can organize sentences logically to create coherent and engaging introductory paragraphs. Core Competencies Communication and Communication								
Reference : English	Language I	Pg. 90							
Keywords: Topic S	entence, T	ransitional Devic	es, Effec	t, Purpos	e.				
	_								
Phase/Duration		Activities				Resources			
PHASE 1: STARTER PHASE 2: NEW	the topic "What if How wo Share pe	the topic senter uld that change or	w with the control of the second control of	he questi at the end or flow o	d or in the middle? f the paragraph?"				
LEARNING	Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson. Brainstorm learners for the meaning of; Mixed Paragraph: A paragraph with the topic sentence located in the middle. Periodic Paragraph: A paragraph with the topic sentence at the end. Show examples of each type of paragraph. Discuss how placement of the topic sentence changes the reader's experience. In pairs, learners take a standard paragraph and rewrite it as both a mixed and periodic paragraph. Present a jumbled introductory paragraph. As a class, rearrange the sentences to create a coherent and engaging introduction. In groups, learners are given another jumbled paragraph to rearrange. They present their results to the class. Introduce the concept of Logical Connectors such as; Ordering ideas: firstly, secondly, finally, etc. Addition: moreover, furthermore, in addition, etc. Similarity: similarly, likewise, in the same way, etc. Contrast: however, nevertheless, although, though, on the other hand, etc.				paragraphs (mixed, periodic, and standard) for reference List of transitional devices and logical connectors				

	Sequence in time: next, soon, after, then, later, suddenly, afterwards, etc.	
	Discuss the use of pronouns, repetition, synonyms, and antonyms to create cohesion.	
	Display a basic paragraph on the board. As a class, enhance it using the techniques discussed.	
	Learners, in pairs, are given another basic paragraph. Their task is to enhance it using logical connectors, pronouns, repetition, and synonyms/antonyms.	
PHASE 3:	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from	
REFLECTION	learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 27-10	DAY:		Subject: English Language				
Duration: 50MINS		<u> </u>		Strand: Lite	erature		
Class: B9		Class Siz	e:	Sub Strand: Characters In Texts			exts
B9.5.1.1: Demonstrate various elements of lite to meaning	erary genres co		Indicator: B9.5.1.1.2. Condialogues nar		_		Lesson: of
Learners can differen	Performance Indicator: Learners can differentiate between monologues and dialogues in play scripts and create dialogues using correct punctuation. Core Com Communicat Personal						ncies: nd Collaboration,
Key words	Speech, Acto	or, Conve	rsation, People	, Monologue,	Dialogue.		
References: English L	anguage Curi	riculum Pg	. 99				
Phase/Duration	Learners Ac	tivities				Res	ources
PHASE I: STARTER	Begin by writing a brief monologue and a brief dialogue on the board without labeling which is which. Ask learners, "What differences do you notice between these two types of narratives? Can you guess which is a monologue and which is a dialogue?" Share performance indicators with learners and introduce						
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	 Brainstorm learners to define key terms. Monologue: A long speech by one actor in a play or movie. Dialogue: A conversation between two or more people in a play, movie, or text. Hand out copies of play scripts or text excerpts to small groups or pairs. Have them identify and highlight examples of monologues and dialogues. Discuss the findings as a class, with groups sharing examples they found. Provide an unpunctuated dialogue as an example. E.g., "Where are you going Mark asked Heading to the store Jenna replied" Discuss the importance of punctuation in understanding and following dialogues. As a class, punctuate the example dialogue correctly. 				scrij exce mor diale	pies of play obts or text erpts with hologues and ogues.	

	In pairs, learners are given small unpunctuated dialogues. Their task is to punctuate them correctly. After a few minutes, pairs swap their dialogues with another pair for correction and feedback.	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson. Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

FIRST TERM WEEKLY LESSON NOTES – B9

WEEK 5

Week Ending: 03-11-2023 Day: Subject: English Language							
Duration: 60mins	11 2023	- u)		, ,			
	1.	<u> </u>	a:	Strand: Oral Language Sub Strand: Converse			
Class: B9		Cla	ss Size:	sation			
Content Standard: B9.1.1.1: Demonstrate use of appropriate language orally in specific situations			-	ions that link the ideas respond to others' qu		Lesson:	
Performance Indicator: Learners can actively and effectively respond to questions posed by peers. Core Competencies Communication and Communication and Communication and Lead					ollaboration,	Personal	
Reference : English	Language Pg. 7	70					
New words: Discu	ssion, Linking, F	Resp	ponding, Active Listen	ing			
Phase/Duration	Learners Activ				Resource	S	
PHASE I: STARTER	Begin with a s		t video clip of a round	Itable discussion on			
	connect to on opportunities	ne a for	ow did the participants nother's points? Were deeper connections?'	e there any missed '			
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Assign each mechosen topic of the control of the co	ssign each member a specific viewpoint or stance on a mosen topic (e.g., the importance of school uniforms). One person in each group is the "Linker," whose job is to sten carefully and try to link the ideas of the different				rds, cards, ds, ng on a rd	

	then ask a question that links the speaker's idea to something another student said.
	Rotate pairs so learners interact with multiple peers.
PHASE 3:	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out
REFLECTION	from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.
	,
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 03-11	-2023	Day: Subject: English L			ect: English Langua	guage		
Duration: 60mins				Stra	nd: Reading			
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub	Strand: Compreh	ension		
Content Standard: B9.2.I.I: Demonstrate is and enjoyment in indep				semina	te ways that the m ate information via			
Learners can evaluate disseminating informa	Performance Indicator: Learners can evaluate the effectiveness of these text types in disseminating information. Core Competent Communication are Personal Development.							
Reference : English La	anguage Pg.	75						
Keywords: Media, Di	sseminate, ⁻	Text Types,	Audience					
Phase/Duration PHASE I:	Learners		es of different	- +ov+	types (e.g. e	Resou	urces	
STARTER	newspape blurb) and common? audiences	er headline, and ask learner How might ?"	a tweet, a blo rs: "What do their messag	g intro these es rea	o, and a book texts have in			
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	samples (reports, a Each groutypes and audience Groups p the class. Individual analyze it: considerii comprehe Learners evaluation	magazine art dvertisement ip categorize discusses the for each type resent their ly, learners of seffectivenents of the clarity ensibility of the then pair upons, discussing	es the sample ne primary pure. categorization choose one mass in disseminary, audience entert. to share and gany differences	s base rpose ons and nedia s nating ngagen comp ces in	d on their text and target d reasonings to sample and information, nent, and	A variety of texts (magazine articles, social media posts, news reports, advertisements) to		
	They will text types	s, considerin	g how the me	essage	n two different might change rt vs. a tweet).			

	Learners share their creations, and the class discusses the nuances of each representation.	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 0	3-11-2023	DAY: Subject: Engl		lish Language			
Duration: 60mins				Strand: Gram	nmar		
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand:	ohen		
Content Standar B9.3.1.1: Apply the clauses and their fu	knowledge of phi			Indicator: B9.3.2.1.1. Identify and use punctuation marks (hyphen) in conte			
Performance Inc Learners can idea Learners can app	dicator:	usage of the h	yphen in var	`	Core Cor Communic	npetencies:	
New words	Hyphen, Com	pound Adjectiv	es, Punctua	tion, Modifier			
References: Engl	ish Language Cu	rriculum Pg. 86	5				
Phase/Duration PHASE I:	Learners Activ					Resources	
STARTER	on the placem "I saw a man-e	ent of a hypher eating tiger."	n, e.g., "I sav	change its mear	iger" vs.		
	•			uce the lesson.			
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Explain the functions of a hyphen, including creating compound adjectives, joining prefixes to certain words, and avoiding ambiguity. Use visual examples to clarify each function, ensuring learners understand the various roles of hyphens in sentences. Provide learners with a passage or a set of sentences containing various uses of hyphens.				arners ntaining	Word cards, sentence cards, letter cards, handwriting on a manila card	
	Ask learners to identify and underline the hyphenated words and phrases. In pairs or small groups, have learners discuss why each hyphen is used.						
	Prompt learners to write a short paragraph or story that must include at least 5 hyphenated words or phrases.						
	Allow learners to share their stories with the class, emphasizing the hyphenated components.						
	two-year- 2. What is the artist"?	old son"? ne purpose of a	ı hyphen in t	sentence, "She the phrase "wel hrase "mother-	I-known		

	4. What difference in meaning can a hyphen make in the pair "re-sign" and "resign"?	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 03-1	1-2023	Day:		Subject	:: English Language		
Duration: 60mins				Strand:	Writing		
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Str	and: Descriptive Wr	riting	
about characters, settings, or mood. Development and Lea						s: Collaboration, Personal	
Reference : English	Language I	Pg. 90					
Keywords: Descript	tive, Image	ry, Sensory Details,	Moo	d			
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER	Display t	Activities wo sentences side t " and "She reclined nidst the fragrant ro	grace	fully on t		Resources	
	Why?" Share pe		s and	l introduc	ce the lesson.		
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Share performance indicators and introduce the lesson. Discuss how incorporating sensory details can enhance descriptions. Ask learners to pick an object in the room and describe it using all five senses, even if they have to imagine some (like the taste of a book or the sound of a chair). Provide learners with a basic description of a character (e.g., "a man"). Ask them to enhance this description using sensory details, physical traits, and indications of personality. Share and compare descriptions. Provide a basic setting (e.g., "a forest at night") and ask learners to write two descriptions: one that makes the forest seem scary and another that makes it seem magical. Discuss how word choice and sensory details can change the mood. Oral Assessment How do sensory details enhance descriptive writing? Why is it important to provide detailed descriptions of					Word cards	

	 How can the description of a setting influence the mood of a passage? Describe a bustling city street during a rainy evening, focusing on the mood and setting.
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 03-1	DAY:		Subject: English Language					
Duration: 50MINS				Strand: Lite	erature			
Class: B9		Class Siz	:e:	Sub Strand: Characters In Texts			exts	
Content Standard: B9.5.1.1: Demonstrate understanding of how various elements of literary genres contribute to meaning Indicator: B9.5.1.1.3. Analyze the sequence of a cross texts (narrative and play scription)								
	Performance Indicator: Learners can analyze the sequence of events across texts Core Comp Communicat Personal						ncies: and Collaboration,	
Key words	Sequence, n	arrative, p	lay script					
References: English	Language Cur	riculum Pg	. 99					
Phase/Duration	Learners Ac					Reso	ources	
PHASE I: STARTER	Share perfo		n the previous dicators with le		ntroduce			
	the lesson.							
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Learners take turns to read aloud parts of the prose. Example: The Old Man And His Children						kcrow.	
		and figure	cult words, phr s of speech to ctionary.	•				
	Ensure learr	ners use co	orrect stress ar	nd intonation	in reading.			
	Learners read.	ad again, pa	arts of the pro	se which we	re not well			
	Learners reaby teacher.	ad the stor	ry silently and a	answer quest	ions posed			
	Assessment I. What is t	he setting	of the story?					
	2. Kamau, M	lwangi and	Njoroge are t	he main in th	ne story.			
	3. What is t	he Narrati	ve Technique (used in the st	tory?			
		r they wer	k the sticks wh e strong. Wha	•				
	5. What is the theme of the story?							

PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

FIRST TERM WEEKLY LESSON NOTES – B9

WEEK 6

Week Ending: 10-	11-2023	Day	y:	Subject: English Language			
Duration: 60mins				Strand: Oral Langua	ge		
Class: B9		Cla	ss Size:	Sub Strand: Convers	sation		
appropriate language situations	I.I.I: Demonstrate use of propriate language orally in specific lations B9.1.1.1.3. Use appropriate language or questions to discuss grade-level nation issues Core Competer				d global	Lesson:	
			appropriate language	Development and Lead		rersonai	
Reference : English				· ·			
New words: Natio	nal issues, Act	tive,	appropriate, global				
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER	think it's imp	thou orta	ught-provoking question int for people, especial	lly young people, to	Resource	S	
	discuss and understand the issues affecting our country and the world?" Have a brief class discussion to elicit responses. Introduce the topic and share performance indicators with						
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	learners. Start by explaining the difference between national issues (those that affect a specific country) and global issues (those that have a worldwide impact). Provide examples of grade-level national issues, such as youth in agriculture, sanitation, and lifestyle diseases. Engage learners in a brainstorming activity to identify and list grade-level national issues that they are aware of or concerned about. Encourage them to think about how these issues impact their lives and communities. Invite guest speakers who have expertise or experience related to the identified national issues. For example, a local farmer for the "youth in agriculture" issue or a health professional for "lifestyle diseases." In small groups, learners will take turns engaging in discussions with these speakers.					cards, ds, ng on a	

	Provide them with a set of open-ended questions to ask, encouraging deep conversation and active listening.	
	After the discussions, reconvene as a class and have each group share the key insights and perspectives they gained from the guest speakers.	
	Encourage learners to express their thoughts, ask questions, and reflect on how these national issues connect to their lives.	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 10-11-	Yeek Ending: 10-11-2023 Day: Subject: English Langua					
Duration: 60mins			Stran	d: Reading		
Class: B9	Class Siz	ze:	Sub S	Strand: Summariz	ing	
supports an analysis of determining the centr	Fontent Standard: 9.2.2.1: Cite the textual evidence that upports an analysis of what the text says, etermining the central idea of a text and provide an objective summary. Indicator: B9.2.2.1.1. Analyze critically a given te entirety and provide an objective sum or ovide an objective summary.					
Performance Indicat Learners can critically supporting ideas, and	or: v analyze a given text,	•	nd	Core Competent Communication an Personal Developm		
Reference : English La	anguage Pg. 75					
Keywords: Analyze, N	1ain ideas, Supporting	g ideas, Objectiv	e sum	mary		
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER	Learners Activities Begin with a short, paragraph from a n				Resources	
	Ask learners to read it and jot down their initial thoughts and questions. Then, in pairs or small groups, have them share their thoughts and discuss the main points of the text. Introduce the topic and share performance indicators with learners					
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Explain the purpose of text analysis and how it helps readers gain a deeper understanding of the text's content. (a) Introduce the concepts of main ideas (the central point of the text) and supporting ideas (evidence or details that				A variety of texts (magazine articles, social media posts, news reports, advertisements)	

	After learners have created their summaries, assess their understanding and analysis by asking them to answer summary questions: What is the main idea of the text? What are the key supporting ideas in the text? How did you ensure that your summary is objective and unbiased? What would you say to someone who hasn't read the text to give them a clear understanding of it?	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 10	k Ending: 10-11-2023 DAY:			Subject: English Language				
Duration: 60mins				Strand: Gran	nmar			
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand:	Use of hyp	ohen		
Content Standar B9.3.1.1: Apply the clauses and their fu	knowledge of ph			Identify and us on marks (hyphe		Lesson:		
Performance Inc	licator:		1 -	` ` .	Core Con	npetencies:		
Learners can ider Learners can app	•		•	ious contexts.	Communic Collaborati	ation and ion, Personal		
New words	1	pound Adjectiv		tion, Modifier				
References: Engli	sh Language Cu	rriculum Pg. 86	,					
Phase/Duration	Learners Activ	ition				Resources		
			1 1 1			Resources		
PHASE I: STARTER		entence on the nown author v		a missing hyph school today."	en, sucn			
	Ask students v	what they think	the senten	ce means witho	ut the			
	hyphen. Then,	add the hyphe	n and discus	s how it change	es the			
	meaning.							
	Share perform	nance indicator	s and introd	uce the lesson.				
PHASE 2:	Explain what a	hyphen is and	provide exa	amples of how i	t is used,	Word cards,		
NEW		such as in compound words like "mother-in-law" or "well-						
LEARNING	known."	letter cards,						
			handwriting or					
		•	sing hyphens	correctly to av	oid	a manila card		
	confusion in w	riting.						
	Discuss the us	se of hyphens in	n compound	words, especia	lly when			
		as adjectives (e	•	•	,			
	Provide a list	of compound w	vords and as	sk students to i	dontify			
		s should be ins			lendiy			
	Explain that some words are written with hyphens when they are							
	combined with prefixes, like "pre- and post-war." Discuss the rules for using hyphens with prefixes.							
	Provide example are needed.	ples and have s	tudents ider	ntify whether hy	phens ·			
	ale lieeded.							
	Discuss the use of hyphens in numbers, such as fractions (e.g.,							
		<i>,</i> .		nty-one to nine	` •			
	Practice writing	ng numbers wit	h hyphens c	orrectly and dis	scussing			
	when to use t	hem.						
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	•	ussion and effectives they have lear	•	oning to find ou	t from			
	icarricis writat	ancy mave learn	inc during the	. 1033011,				

Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	
Take reedback from rearriers and summarize the resson.	

Week Ending: 10-1	1-2023	Day:		Subject	:: English Language	
Duration: 60mins				Strand:	Writing	
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Str	and: Descriptive Wi	riting
-	process approach to compose rative/ imaginative, informational argumentative texts B9.4.2.1.1. Create effective descriptive sentences when descriptive texts characters, settings or mood					
Learners can craft v about characters, se Reference: English	s: Collaboration, Personal dership,					
Keywords: Descript			Moo	d		
		,				
Phase/Duration		Activities				Resources
PHASE I: STARTER	the park. bench an	wo sentences side by and "She reclined nidst the fragrant roners: "Which senter	grace se ga	efully on t rden."	the sun-warmed	
PHASE 2: NEW		rformance indicator				Word cards
LEARNING	descriptions. Ask learners to pick an object in the room and describe it using all five senses, even if they have to imagine some (like the taste of a book or the sound of a chair). Provide learners with a basic description of a character (e.g., "a man"). Ask them to enhance this description using sensory details, physical traits, and indications of personality. Share and compare descriptions. Provide a basic setting (e.g., "a forest at night") and ask learners to write two descriptions: one that makes the forest seem scary and another that makes it seem magical. Discuss how word choice and sensory details can change the mood.					
	• Why	essment do sensory details is it important to pacters in a story?			•	

	 How can the description of a setting influence the mood of a passage? Describe a bustling city street during a rainy evening, focusing on the mood and setting.
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson. Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 10-1	DAY:		Subject: En	glish Languag	e		
Duration: 50MINS				Strand: Lite	erature		
Class: B9		Class Siz	ze:	Sub Strand	: Narrative		
Content Standard: B9.5.1.1: Demonstrate understanding of how various elements of literary genres contribute to meaning Indicator: B9.5.1.1.3. Analyze the sequence of evacross texts (narrative and play script)						ents	Lesson: of
Performance Indicator: Learners can read prose fluently and with understanding Core Comp Communicat Personal						ncies: nd Collaboration,	
Key words	Sequence, n	arrative, p	lay script				
References: English	Language Curi	riculum Pg	. 99				
Phase/Duration	Learners Ac	tivitics				Das	ources
PHASE I:			n the previous	lesson.		r/es/	oui Ces
STARTER			•		ntroduce		
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Learners take Example: Rip Let learners expressions with the help Ensure learners read. Learners read. Learners read by teacher. Assessment I. In which a said this of the said to be well as a said to be well as Mama Ad Considering	Learners take turns to read aloud parts of the prose. Example: Ripples Let learners note difficult words, phrases, figurative expressions and figures of speech to be explained in context with the help of the dictionary. Ensure learners use correct stress and intonation in reading. Learners read again, parts of the prose which were not well read. Learners read the story silently and answer questions posed by teacher.				Coc	kcrow.

	makes you picture Sayibu in your mind is an example of
	5. Sayibu's bark was worse than his bite. The expression in italics is an example of
	6. What is the theme of the story?
PHASE 3:	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out
REFLECTION	from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

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FIRST TERM WEEKLY LESSON NOTES – B9

WEEK 7

Week Ending: 17	-11-2023	Da	: Subject: English Language			
Duration: 60mins				Strand:	Oral Language	
Class: B9		Cla	ss Size:	Sub Stra	and: Conversation	
Content Standard: B9.1.1.1: Demonstrate use of appropriate language orally in specific situations Indicator: B9.1.1.3. Use appropriate language and questions to discuss grade-level national issues						Lesson:
Performance Indicator: Learners can identify, understand, and discuss grade-level global issues using appropriate language. Core Competencies Communication and C Personal Development					ollaboration,	
Reference : Englis	sh Language Pg.	70				
New words: Disc	ussion, Linking,	Res	ponding, Active Listen	ing		
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER		noug	s ht-provoking question discuss global issues i			Resources
	and then disci	ass a	re their thoughts and inside a class. It is and share performan	·		
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Begin by explained by explain by	Word cards, sentence cards, letter cards, handwriting on a manila card				

	Encourage open and learner-centered discussions. Divide learners into discussion groups, and each group should focus on a specific global issue.	
	Provide conversation prompts or discussion questions related to each issue. For example, "What are the consequences of violence in our communities?" or "How can we promote inclusion in our school?"	
	Learners should discuss the topic using the appropriate language and actively listen to their peers' contributions.	
PHASE 3:	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from	
REFLECTION	learners what they have learnt during the lesson. Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 7-	1-2023	Day:					
Duration: 60mins				Stra	nd: Reading		
Class: B9		Class Siz	e:	Sub	Strand: Summarizing		
Content Standard: B9.2.2.1: Cite the test supports an analysis determining the cer provide an objective	xtual evidence of what the otral idea of a	Lesson:					
Performance Indica Learners can critica	•						
Reference : English	Language Pg.	75					
Keywords: Analyze,	, Main ideas, S	Supporting	ideas, Objectiv	ve sun	nmary		
Dl /D	1 ^						
Phase/Duration	Learners Ac		riguing tout or	0.7.00.00	pt (o.g. a paragraph	Resources	
PHASE I: STARTER	from a news			excer	pt (e.g., a paragraph		
	questions. T thoughts an	hen, in pai d discuss t	rs or small gro he main points	ups, h of the			
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Introduce the topic and share performance indicators with learners Explain the purpose of text analysis and how it helps readers gain a deeper understanding of the text's content. Introduce the concepts of main ideas (the central point of the text) and supporting ideas (evidence or details that back up the main ideas). Provide learners with a text or excerpt to analyze. It should be age-appropriate and cover a topic that interests them. In pairs or small groups, have learners read the text and discuss the main ideas and supporting ideas they find. Encourage them to annotate the text as they read.						
	summary. En including per Provide a te ideas, and a After learner understanding questions: • What is	mphasize t rsonal opin emplate for concise co ers have cro ng and ana the main i	he importance nions. creating summonclusion. eated their sum	of bei naries: nmarie them t	to answer summary		

	 How did you ensure that your summary is objective and unbiased? What would you say to someone who hasn't read the text to give them a clear understanding of it? 	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson. Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 17	7-11-2023	DAY:	Subject: Engli	ish Language			
Duration: 60mins			Strand: Gram	nmar			
Class: B9		Class Size:	Sub Strand:	Adjectives			
phrases and clauses in Communication.	Content Standard: B9.3.1.1: Apply the knowledge of phrases and clauses and their functions in Communication. Performance Indicator: Indicator: B9.3.1.1.2. Demonstrate command using multiple adjectives the correct order, and using quantifiers effectively in speaking and writing Core Competer						
Learners can app	ntify the correct	nd Collaboration,					
New words	Adjective phra	ses, Participants, Set	ttings, Materials, Qu	uantifiers			
References: Engli	sh Language Cui	rriculum Pg. 86					
Phase/Duration	Learners Activ	rities			Resources		
PHASE I:		Descriptive Challenge	" activity. Present lea	arners with a			
STARTER	variety of pictuadjectives.	ures and ask them to m to be as vivid and o	describe what they s				
	Share perform	ance indicators and i	atraduca the lesson				
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Explain the conthat describe of that describe of that describe of the class visual prompts. In their groups using adjective Example: Participants covered with Settings — Ti Materials — A Objects — Th	 Participants - The dazzlingly beautiful winner walked down the aisle. The man covered with mud crawled his way out of the mudslide. Settings - The journey begun on a rainy Monday morning. 					
	quantity or am Provide examp effectively in d Ask learners to	concept of quantifiers to the count of a noun. The color of quantifiers and escriptions. The color of the c	explain how they ca nort descriptive para;	ın be used			

	Provide a list of nouns and have learners create vivid descriptions for each noun, focusing on participants, settings, materials, and objects.	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 10-1	1-2023	Day:		Subject: English Language				
Duration: 60mins				Strand:	Strand: Writing			
Class: B9		Class Size:	ss Size: Sub Strand: Descriptive W					
B9.4.2.1: Use a production descriptive, narrative and persuasive, argument of the performance indicates and content of	ess approa e/ imaginat imentative ator:	tive, informational texts	B9.4 desc chai	Indicator: B9.4.2.1.1. Create effective descriptive sentences when describing characters, settings or mood Core Competencies: Communication and Collaboration, Personal				
about characters, se					Development and Lead	dership,		
Reference : English	Language I	Pg. 90						
Keywords: Descript	tive, Image	ry, Sensory Details,	Моо	d				
Phase/Duration	Loarnors	Activities				Resources		
PHASE I:		wo sentences side l	ov sid	a· "Sha si	at on the hench in	ivesoni ces		
STARTER	the park. bench an	" and "She reclined nidst the fragrant ro	grace se ga	efully on 1 arden."	the sun-warmed			
	Share pe	rformance indicator	rs and	d introdu	ce the lesson.			
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Discuss h description	now incorporating s ons.	enso	ry details	can enhance	Word cards		
	using all	ners to pick an obje five senses, even if t a book or the sound	hey h	nave to in	and describe it nagine some (like the			
	Provide I man").	earners with a basion	c desc	cription o	of a character (e.g., "a			
	Ask then physical t Share and							
	Provide a to write scary and							
	Discuss I							
	• Why	essment do sensory details is it important to p acters in a story?			•			

	 How can the description of a setting influence the mood of a passage? Describe a bustling city street during a rainy evening, focusing on the mood and setting.
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson. Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 17-1	DAY:		Subject: English Language					
Duration: 50MINS				Strand: Literature				
Class: B9		Class Siz	ze:	Sub Strand	I: Narrative			
	e understanding	understanding of how erary genres contribute Indicator: B9.5.1.1.3. Analyze the sequence of every across texts (narrative and play script)						
	Performance Indicator: Learners can read prose fluently and with understanding Core Compunication Communication Personal							
References: English	Language Curi	riculum Pg	. 99					
Phase/Duration PHASE I:	Learners Ac		n the previous	lesson.		Reso	ources	
PHASE 2: NEW	the lesson.		dicators with le				kcrow.	
LEARNING	The second secon							
	 3. "Vacuum stares at you" What figure of speech is this? 4. Between dreams and fruition, yawning gaps close, not by pacing carpets, but by mating quill and parchment. In your own words explain the underlined words in this extract. 5. What has the Scribbler refused to do so far? 6. What does he hope to achieve? 							

PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

FIRST TERM WEEKLY LESSON NOTES – B9 WEEK 8

Week Ending: 24	-11-2023	Da	y:	Subject	: English Language		
Duration: 60mins				Strand: Oral Language			
Class: B9		Cla	ass Size:	Sub Strand: Conversation			
B9.1.1.1: Demonstr	Content Standard: B9.1.1.1: Demonstrate use of appropriate language orally in specific situations Indicator: B9.1.1.3. Use appropriate language and open-en questions to discuss grade-level national and global issues						
Performance Indicator: Learners can use appropriate language and open-ended questions to discuss grade-level national and global issues. Core Competencies Communication and Core Competencies Communication and Core Competencies					ollaboration,		
Reference : Englis			. NI I.				
New words: Glob	oal issues, Curre	ent (events, National issues	•			
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER		'Nev	es ws Headlines" activity. Plated to both national			Resources	
	discuss it brie initial thought	fly v s an	ose one headline that good with a partner. Encourand questions. Juic and share performance of the control of t	ge them t	to express their		
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Define nation those that affe on the world Discuss the in	Word cards, sentence cards, letter cards, handwriting on a manila card					
	issues.		ews headlines related t		-		
	Ask learners to choose one headline and share it with a partner. Encourage them to discuss what they understand from the headline and what questions it raises.						
	Introduce the concept of open-ended questions, which are questions that require more than a simple "yes" or "no" response.						
		•	n-ended questions can erstanding of complex i		eeper discussions		
			nto small groups and pi cicle or video clip relate				

	In their groups, learners should read the article or watch the video and come up with open-ended questions about the issue discussed.	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 24-	11-2023	Day:		Subject: English Language				
Duration: 60mins		•		Strand: Reading				
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub Strand: Comprehension				
Content Standard B9.2.1.1: Demonstr and enjoyment in ir	ate increasing		r:	and various ideas and	Lesson:			
Learners can expar through reading an	Performance Indicator: Learners can expand various ideas and perspectives in texts through reading and discussion Core Competencies: Communication and Collaid Development and Leaders							
Reference : English	Language Pg.	. 74						
Keywords: Point of	f view, Comp	arison, Perspect	tive, Main	ideas				
Phase/Duration	Learners Ac	stivitios				Resources		
PHASE I:			ng a thous	ght-pro	ovoking quote or short	ivesoni ces		
STARTER	passage on		0	∀ '``	7 0 7 0 1 0 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10			
	text. Encour	rage a brief disc s.	ussion abo	out the	and reactions to the e diversity of indicators with learners			
PHASE 2: NEW		ners with a leve				A variety of		
LEARNING	In pairs or i		e learners		he text and identify the	texts (magazine articles, social media posts,		
		fying main ideas hose expressed			rs to compare their own	news reports, advertisements)		
	Discuss the	differences and	similaritie	es in p	erspectives.			
	Assign pairs or small groups for peer review. Each group discusses the text, sharing their interpretations and perspectives.							
	Encourage I viewpoints.							
	Facilitate a o							
	Ask guiding questions to prompt learners to think critically and consider alternative viewpoints.							
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	•	scussion and eff at they have lea	•		ng to find out from esson.			
	Take feedba	ick from learnei	rs and sun	nmariz	e the lesson.			

Week Ending: 24	-11-2023	DA	Y:	Subject: Engl	ish Language			
Duration: 60mins				Strand: Gran	nmar			
Class: B9		Clas	ss Size:	Sub Strand:	Adjectives			
B9.3.1.1: Apply the phrases and clauses in Communication.	knowledge of and their functio	ns t	Indicator: B9.3.1.1.2. Demonstrat the correct order, and and writing					
	tify the correct	_	e of the hyphen in va ely in their writing.	rious contexts.	Core Competer Communication a Personal			
New words	Adjective phra	ses,	Participants, Setting	s, Materials, Qu	uantifiers			
References: Engli	sh Language Cui	ricul	um Pg. 86					
Phase/Duration	Learners Activ					Resources		
PHASE I: STARTER	_		riptive Challenge" act and ask them to desc	•				
			be as vivid and detai	·				
	•		indicators and intro					
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Explain the co		of adjective phrases odify nouns.	, which are grou	ups of words	Word cards, sentence cards, letter		
	Provide examp settings, mater		of adjective phrases u and objects.	sed to describe	participants,	cards, handwriting or a manila card		
	Divide the class visual prompts	a mama car c						
	In their groups, learners will describe what they see in the pictures using adjective phrases. Encourage vivid and detailed descriptions. Example:							
	 Participants - The dazzlingly beautiful winner walked down the aisle. The man covered with mud crawled his way out of the mudslide. Settings - The journey begun on a rainy Monday morning. Materials - Amma is wearing a bright coloured African print. Objects - The old rickety bus stopped in the middle of the road. 							
	Introduce the quantity or am		ept of quantifiers, wh of a noun.	nich are words t	hat express the			
	Provide examp effectively in d		of quantifiers and exportions.	lain how they ca	n be used			

	Ask learners to individually write short descriptive paragraphs or sentences using adjective phrases and quantifiers.	
	Provide a list of nouns and have learners create vivid descriptions for each noun, focusing on participants, settings, materials, and objects.	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 24-1	1-2023	Day:	Subje	ct	: English Language				
Duration: 60mins			Stran	d:	Writing				
Class: B9		Class Size:	Sub S	tra	and: Narrative Writi	ng			
descriptive, narrativ	Content Standard: B9.4.2.1: Use a process approach to compose descriptive, narrative/ imaginative, informational and persuasive, argumentative texts Indicator: B9.4.2.1.2: Use different narrative techniques to manipulate time in a story.								
Performance Indica Learners can use dif time in a story.	: ollab ersh	oration, Personal ip,							
Reference : English									
Keywords: Backstor	ry, Manipul	lating time, Flashbac	k, flash forw	ar	d, Foreshadowing				
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER	Begin the	Activities e lesson with a brief nors can play with ti				Re	sources		
	Share a s		n how it affe	ct	,				
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Provide I time mar		oles of narrat	tive	e texts that use each	W	ord cards		
	contribute	tes to the overall na group discussions vi ions about how tim	irrative. where learne	ers	share their				
	-	ge learners to discus echnique on the rea	-	ere	ences and the impact				
	Assign the task of composing narrative essays to learners. Each essay should incorporate at least one time manipulation technique (backstory, flashback, flash forward, or foreshadowing).								
	-	ge learners to expre and sensory details.	_	nd	thoughts using				
	Have lea review.	rners exchange essa	ays within the	eir	groups for peer				
		ners to provide con nipulation and the o							

PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

Week Ending: 24-1	I-2023	DAY:		Subject: En	glish Languag	ge		
Duration: 50MINS				Strand: Lite	erature			
Class: B9		Class Siz	ze:	Sub Strand	: Narrative			
B9.5.1.1: Demonstrate various elements of lite to meaning		ents	Lesson: I of I					
Performance Indica Learners can read pr		nd with un	derstanding		Core Com Communicat Personal		ncies: nd Collaboration,	
References: English	Language Curi	riculum Pg	. 99					
Phase/Duration	Learners Ac	rtivitios				Rose	ources	
PHASE I: STARTER	Revise with	learners o	n the previous		ntroduce	ives.	ources	
	the lesson.							
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Learners take turns to read aloud parts of the prose. Example: Scribbler's Dream. Let learners note difficult words, phrases, figurative expressions and figures of speech to be explained in context with the help of the dictionary. Ensure learners use correct stress and intonation in reading. Learners read again, parts of the prose which were not well read. Learners read the story silently and answer questions posed by teacher.							
	2. "the drear indicates that a) empty 3. "Vacuum s 4. Between pacing carpe own words	wn words m in our at the shelf b) full c) stares at yo dreams an ets, but by explain the	who would your fills the shelf of the scribble disorderly down "What figure down the first of the scribble who would be to achieve?"	f." This expreer is neatly organic of speech is ming gaps closed parchment ords in this expression.	ession zed this? se, not by . In your			

PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson.	
	Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.	

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FIRST TERM WEEKLY LESSON NOTES – B9 WEEK 9

Week Ending: 30)-11-2023	Da	y:	Subject: English Language			
Duration: 60mins				Strand:	Oral Language		
Class: B9		Cla	ass Size:	Sub Str	and: Conversation		
	.1.1.1: Demonstrate use of B9.1.1.1.4. Demonstrate appropriate turn taking and propriate language orally in specific use techniques for effective argument (debating)					Lesson:	
Performance Ind Learners can dem for effective argum	onstrate appro	•	te turn-taking and tech	niques	Core Competencies Communication and Co Personal Development	ollaboration,	
Reference : Englis	sh Language Pg.	71					
New words: Deb	ate, turn taking	, Re	buttal, effective, argum	ent			
Phase/Duration PHASE I:	Learners Acti		s discussion on what de			Resources	
STARTER	Ask learners what technique	if the	ns persuasively. ey have any prior expe chey think are essential sic and share performan	for effect	tive argumentation.		
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Introduce the arguments, re Discuss the ir communication Use examples Divide the clar group. Provide time arguments.	key ebut mpo on d s to ass ir	relements of a debate, tals, and closing statem rtance of turn-taking ar uring a debate. illustrate effective and into small groups and as groups to prepare their portance of taking turn	Word cards, sentence cards, letter cards.			
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer disc learners what	the	on and effective question y have learnt during the more learners and summan	e lesson.			

Week Ending: 30-1	I I -2023 Day: Subject: English Language					
Duration: 60mins		Strand: Reading				
Class: B9		Class Size:		Sub	Strand: Comprehension	า
				nd given text, within a or specific information	Lesson:	
Learners can develo	Performance Indicator: Learners can develop the skill of reading for specific nformation within a given text. Core Competencies: Communication and Colla Development and Leaders				*	
Reference: English	Language Pg.	. 76				
Keywords: Skimmir	ng, Scanning,	specific				
Phase/Duration	Learners Ad					Resources
PHASE I: STARTER	Begin with a specific info		n on the in	nport	ance of reading for	
	particular de skimming ar	etails in a text on the scanning as e	quickly. Intr ffective rea	oduc iding	J	
DULACE O NIENA		•			indicators with learners	
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Demonstrate text passage	A variety of texts (magazine articles, social media posts, news reports,				
	Discuss how specific deta					
	Provide exa techniques.	advertisements)				
		hort text passa; he content of ea			Assign specific questions	
	Set a timer scanning for					
	Emphasize t	he importance	of time ma	nager	nent.	
PHASE 3:	Use peer di	scussion and eff	fective que	stioni	ng to find out from	
REFLECTION	learners wh	at they have lea	ırnt during	the le	esson.	
	Take feedba	ack from learne	rs and sum	mariz	e the lesson.	

Week Ending: 30)-11-2023	D	AY:	Subject: English Language					
Duration: 60mins				Strand: Gran	nmar				
Class: B9		С	lass Size:	Sub Strand:	Adjectives				
B9.3.1.1: Apply the phrases and clauses in Communication.	knowledge of and their functio	ns		rate command using multiple adjectives in nd using quantifiers effectively in speaking					
	nonstrate comm		l over using multiple adj ring quantifiers in speaki	' I (ommunication and (ollaboration					
New words	Adjectives, Co	orre	ect Order, Quantifiers						
References: Engli	sh Language Cui	rric	ulum Pg. 86						
Phase/Duration	Learners Activ	/itie	<u>.</u>			Resources			
PHASE I: STARTER	Begin with a q descriptions. It specific order	uick ntro to	c review of adjectives and adjectives and ask learners to bra	sing multiple ad ns.	jectives in a	Resources			
PHASE 2:			ce indicators and introdrd, write a simple sente			Sentence			
NEW LEARNING	and ask learne Discuss the or	rs t der	co suggest adjectives to of adjectives (opinion, sate a sentence together	describe the do	og.	strips Examples of sentences with			
	Provide senter	nce o ge	strips with nouns and a enerate sentences with	isk learners to		adjectives and quantifiers			
	Introduce qua	ntifi	iers and their role in ex	pressing quanti	ty or amount.				
	Provide examp	oles	and discuss how quant	ifiers can enhar	nce meaning.				
	Ask learners to	o cı	reate sentences using q	uantifiers to de	scribe amounts.				
	Participant The man c	ts -	ases to provide vivid de The dazzlingly beautiful ered with mud crawled e journey begun on a ra	winner walked his way out of	the mudslide.				
			mma is wearing a bright e old rickety bus stoppe		•				

Ask learners to choose an object or scene and write a descriptive paragraph using both multiple adjectives in the correct order and quantifiers. PHASE 3: REFLECTION Use peer discussion and effective questioning to find out from learners what they have learnt during the lesson. Take feedback from learners and summarize the lesson.

Week Ending: 30-1	1-2023	Day:		Subject	: English Language			
Duration: 60mins		-		Strand:				
Class: B9		Class Size:			rand: Argumentative	Writ	Writing	
B9.4.2.1: Use a proc descriptive, narrative and persuasive, argu	ess approa e/ imaginat	tive, informational	B9.4 pers	dicator: 4.2.1.3.Write a well-organized suasive piece (e.g. argumentative) t states and defends a position				
Performance Indicator: Learners can develop the ability to write a well-organized persuasive piece by stating and defending a position. Core Competencies Communication and Co Development and Lead								
Reference : English								
Keywords: Backstor	ry, Manipu	lating time, Flashbac	k, flas	sh forwar	rd, Foreshadowing			
Phase/Duration PHASE I: STARTER	Begin the	Learners Activities Begin the lesson with a short discussion about persuasion. Ask learners to share examples of situations where they have been persuaded or tried to persuade someone else.						
	in expres	ssing opinions and ir	nfluen rs and	cing othe	ce the lesson.			
PHASE 2: NEW LEARNING	Ask their thesis star counterar Encourage Discuss to Create a emotion sources. Guide les piece.	atement, supporting arguments. The discussion within the elements of effective all appeal, logical real arners through the part topic that is relevant to the suppersonant topic that is relevant to the suppersonant topic that is relevant to the suppersonant topic that is relevant to the support to the suppor	uctur evide the g ctive f pers sonin	re of the pence, and groups. persuasic suasive teg, and the ess of dev	engaging topic. piece, identifying the any on as a class. chniques such as e use of credible reloping a persuasive		nple persuasive ces for analysis	
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer learners	•	nt du	ring the I				

Week Ending: 30-1	Ending: 30-11-2023 DAY: Su					Subject: English Language			
Duration: 50MINS				Strand: Literature					
Class: B9	C	Class Siz	ze:	Sub Stranc	I: Narrative				
Content Standard: B9.5.1.1: Demonstrate understanding of how various elements of literary genres contribute to meaning Indicator: B9.5.1.1.3. Analyze the seque across texts (narrative and pl						rents	Lesson:		
Performance Indica Learners can read p		with un	derstanding		Core Com Communicat Personal		c ies: d Collaboration		
References: English	Language Curricu	ulum Pg	. 99						
Discos / Domesticas	I I a a una una A acia d	:4:				l D			
Phase/Duration	Learners Activ					Keso	urces		
PHASE I:	Revise with lea	rners o	n the previous	s iesson.					
STARTER				• -					
	Share perform	ance inc	dicators with l	earners and ii	ntroduce				
	the lesson.								
PHASE 2: NEW	Learners take t	Cock	crow.						
LEARNING	Example: Mam								
	expressions an with the help of Ensure learners read a read.	Learners read the story silently and answer questions posed by teacher.							
	1. The title of to 2. She kindles to speech is this ed. 3. Lump coal light. 4. State one ch. 5. It is obvious Mama.								
PHASE 3: REFLECTION	Use peer discu		•	_					
-	Take feedback		•	-					